



## TOXICITE PULMONAIRE DES IMMUNOTHERAPIES

Les traitements anti-cancéreux par immunothérapie (anti-PDL1, anti-PD1 et anti-CTLA4) ont un profil de toxicité très différent de celui des chimiothérapies cytotoxiques.

Les toxicités pulmonaires comprennent les pneumopathies interstitielles diffuses (syndrome de détresse respiratoire aiguë, fibrose pulmonaire, pneumopathie organisée), des granulomatoses sarcoïdose-like et des pleurésies (129,130).

### 1. Evaluation (PID)

<b>Grade 1</b>	Asymptomatique, diagnostic clinique ou radiologique uniquement, pas de traitement nécessaire
<b>Grade 2</b>	Symptomatique, traitement nécessaire, gêne fonctionnelle
<b>Grade 3</b>	Symptômes sévères, limitant les activités quotidiennes, oxygénothérapie nécessaire
<b>Grade 4</b>	Conséquences vitales ; intervention urgente requise.
<b>Grade 5</b>	Décès

**Tableau 31 – Classification des PID selon la classification CTCAEV5.0**

### 2. Prise en charge

L'incidence des toxicités pulmonaires n'est pas négligeable : elle est estimée de 3 à 12% en fonction des séries dont 1 à 2% de grade 3 et 4 (129,131,132). Il est par conséquent recommandé de disposer d'une EFR complète avant traitement.

Ces toxicités pulmonaires sont plus fréquentes en cas d'association de traitement (anti-PD1 ou -PDL1 et anti-CTLA 4) (129).

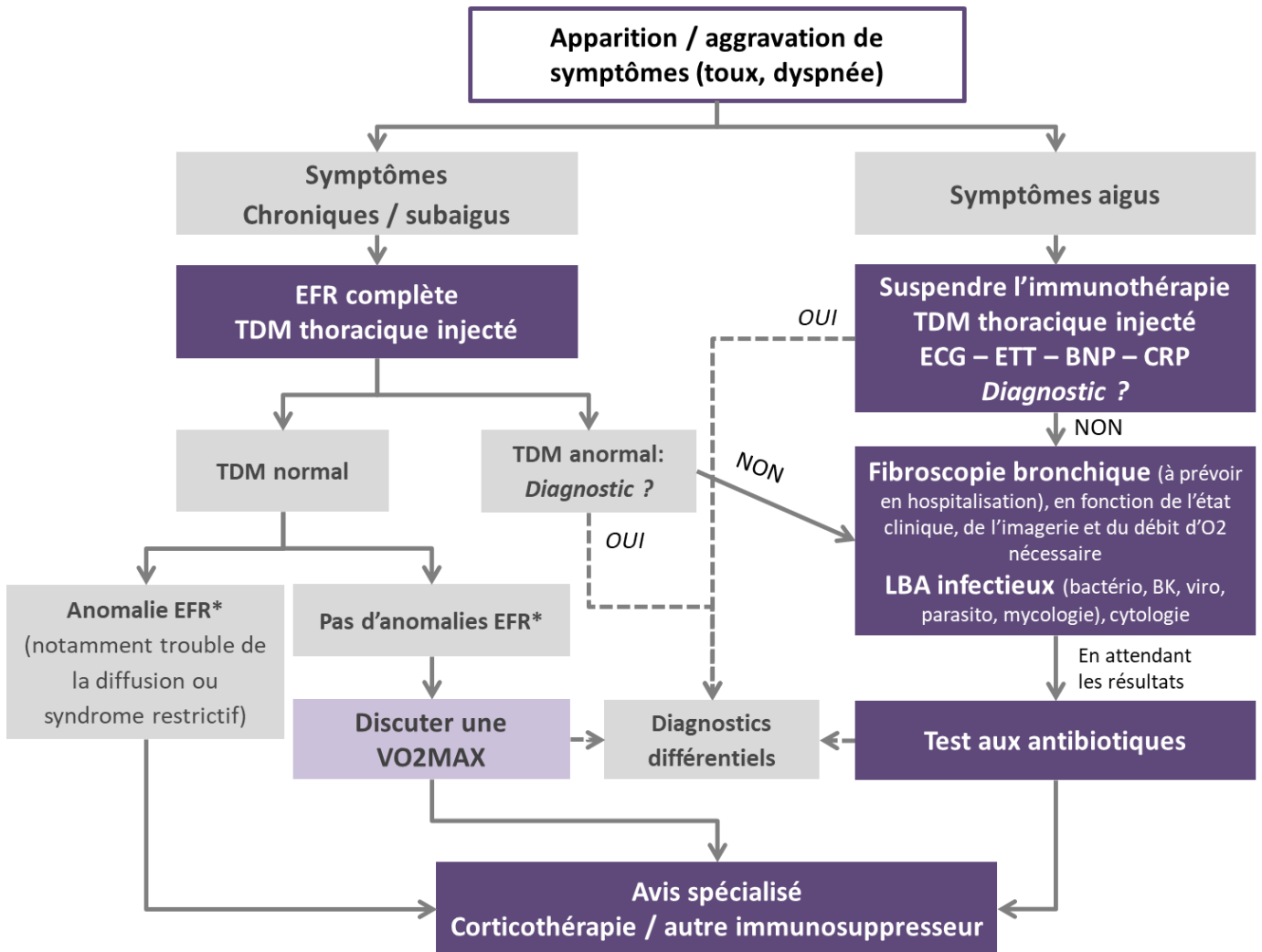
La majorité des toxicités surviennent dans les 3 premiers mois de traitement. Lors de la survenue d'une toxicité pulmonaire, la médiane de durée du traitement était de 2,3 (0,2-27,4) mois dans une cohorte rétrospective de 64 patients (133).

Le tableau clinico-radiologique n'étant pas pathognomonique, il est important d'éliminer d'autres étiologies (notamment infectieuses et cardiologiques) avant d'envisager un traitement spécifique (129) (Figure 9). Dans cette même cohorte, 31 ont eu un lavage broncho-alvéolaire interprétable. La grande majorité avait une alvéolite mixte à prédominance lymphocytaire. Parmi ces 31 patients, 24 avaient un taux de lymphocytes supérieur à 15%, 5 avaient un taux d'éosinophiles supérieur à 5% et 20 avaient un taux de neutrophiles supérieur à 3 %.

Le traitement repose sur une corticothérapie (de préférence précédée par une antibiothérapie d'épreuve) et/ou la suspension ou l'arrêt définitif de l'immunothérapie. La prise en charge d'une toxicité de type pneumopathie interstitielle aiguë est illustrée par la figure 10 (129).

### Recommandation

**- Il est recommandé de réaliser une EFR complète avant immunothérapie.**



\*Par rapport à l'EFR initiale (pré-thérapeutique).

Figure 9 – Proposition d’algorithme decisionnel en cas de survenue de signes fonctionnels respiratoires sous Immunothérapie.



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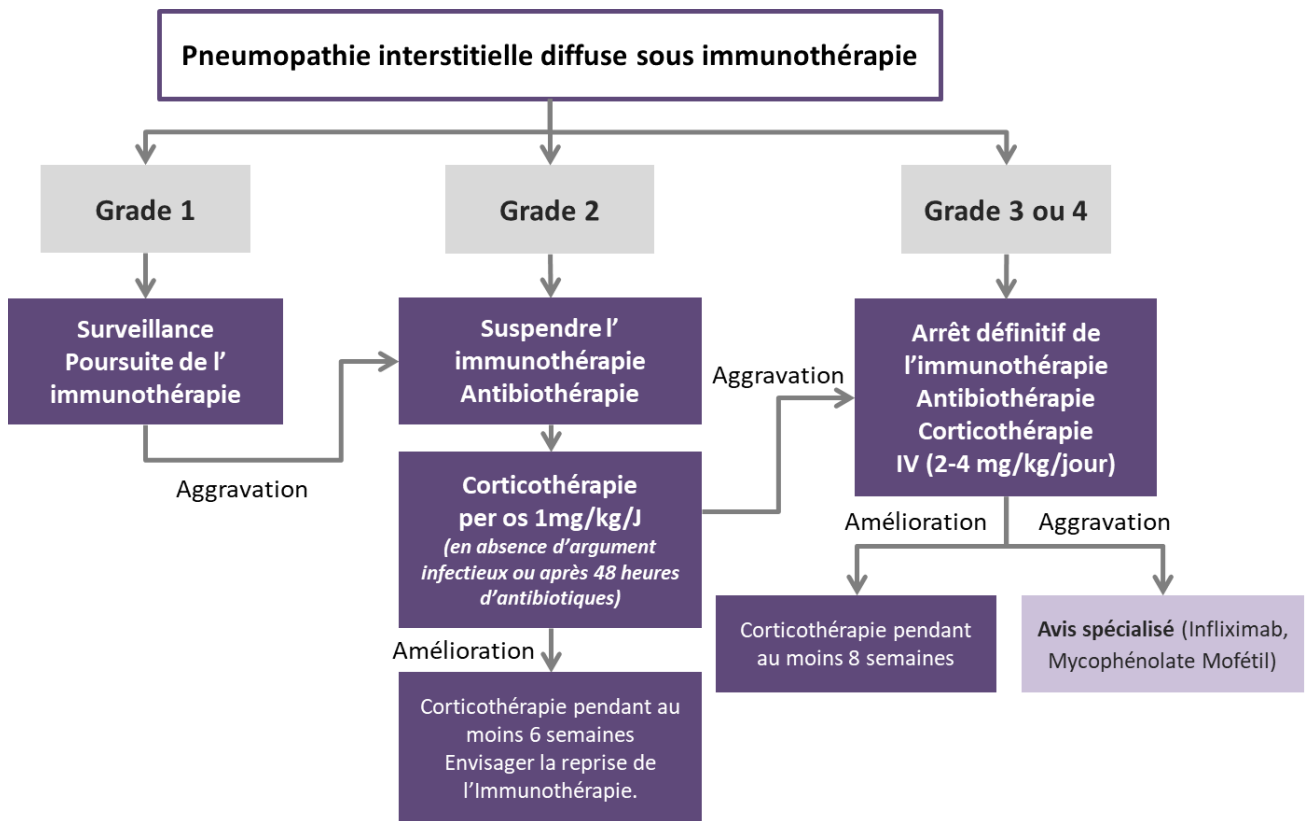


Figure 10 – Proposition d’algorithme décisionnel en cas d’événement indésirable d’ordre respiratoire survenant sous immunothérapie (d’après (129)).



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## DECLARATION DES LIENS D'INTERETS

Les personnes ci-dessous ont déclaré des liens d'intérêt en oncologie thoracique pour des participations à des congrès, séminaires ou formations ; des bourses ou autre financement ; des rémunérations personnelles ; des intéressements ; ou tout autre lien pertinent dans les 3 dernières années :

ARPIN D : Takeda, Roche  
 AUDIGIER-VALETTE C : Roche, Abbvie, BMS, MSD, Takeda, Boehringer, AstraZeneca, Pfizer, Novartis, Fabre, Amgen, Lilly  
 AVRILLON V : BMS, Abbvie.  
 BARANZELLI A. : Roche, Takeda, BMS, MSD  
 BAUD M. : Boehringer  
 BAYCE BLEUEZ S. : Roche, BMS, AMGEN  
 BERARD H : Roche, Pfizer, Boehringer  
 BERNARDI M. : BMS, Sandoz, Roche  
 BOMBARON P : Roche, AstraZeneca, BMS, Boehringer.  
 COURAUD S. : AstraZeneca, Boehringer Ingelheim, Lilly, Merck, MSD, Novartis, Pfizer, Roche, Sysmex Innostics, Chugai, Laidet.  
 DELCLAUX B : BMS, Boehringer, AstraZeneca, Novartis, Roche.  
 DEMIR S : Pfizer, BMS  
 FALCHERO L. : Roche, Boehringer, AstraZeneca, BMS, Pfizer, Amgen.  
 FOUCHER P : AstraZeneca, Roche, BMS, MSD, Chugai, Vifor, IFCT, PFIZER  
 FOURNEL P. : Lilly, Amgen, BMS, MSD, Roche, Pfizer, Astellas, Boehringer, AstraZeneca, Takeda, Novartis, PFO  
 GERINIERE L : Lilly  
 GIAJ LEVRA M. : MSD, BMS, Roche, AstraZeneca, Novartis, Pfizer, Boehringer  
 GONZALEZ G. : Roche, Novartis, Pharmadom  
 GOUNANT V : Takeda, Lilly, Roche, AstraZeneca, BMS, Boehringer, Pfizer, Novartis.  
 GROUET A. : Boehringer, Novartis  
 HAMMOU Y : Chiesi, ISIS, Elia  
 JACOLET P : Boehringer  
 JANICOT H. Boehringer  
 LARIVE S. : TEVA Santé, Pfizer, Boehringer, BMS, MSD, AstraZeneca.  
 LE TREUT J. : AstraZeneca, Boehringer, Roche, BMS, MSD  
 LOCATELLI SANCHEZ M. : Boehringer, BMS, AstraZeneca, LFB  
 LUCIANI S : Pfizer  
 MARTIN E. : Astra Zeneca  
 MASTROIANNI B : Amgen  
 MERLE P : MSD, AstraZeneca, BMS, Pfizer  
 MORO-SIBILOT D : Roche, Pfizer, Lilly, Boehringer, MSD, BMS, Takeda, AstraZeneca, Novartis, Amgen, Abbvie  
 NAKAD A : BMS  
 ODIER L. : Lilly, Amgen, Pfizer  
 PAULUS V : MSD, Roche  
 PEROL M. : Roche, AstraZeneca, Boehringer, Lilly, Takeda, BMS, MSD, Pfizer, Novartis, Chugai  
 PERROT E. : AstraZeneca  
 PINSOLLE J. : Takeda, MSD, Roche, Pfizer, Agiradom.  
 RANCHON F : CELGENE, JAZZPHORNA  
 SAKHRI L : Pfizer, BMS.  
 SOUQUET P.-J. : Amgen, AstraZeneca, BI, CHUGAI, P FABRE, LILLY, MSD, BMS, Pfizer, Novartis, Sandoz, Roche, Takeda, Bayer, Merrimack, Merck, Astellas,  
 TAVIOT B : Chiesi  
 TISSOT C : Amgen, Sandoz, BMS  
 WATKIN E. : MSD, AstraZeneca, Boehringer, Pfizer, Roche, BMS  
 ZALCMAN G. : Roche, AstraZeneca, BMS, Pfizer, Novartis, Abbvie, MSD, Boehringer, GSK, Inventiva

Les autres participants et membres des groupes de travail n'ont déclaré aucun lien d'intérêt en oncologie thoracique.  
 Aucun participant ou membre d'un groupe de travail n'a rapporté de lien d'intérêt avec l'industrie du tabac.



## MENTIONS LEGALES

La réunion de mise à jour des référentiels (édition 2019) a été organisée par l'Association de Recherche d'Information Scientifique et Thérapeutique en Oncologie Thoracique (ARISTOT).

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Couraud S, Etienne-Mastroianni B, Fontaine-Delaruelle C, Giaj Levra M, Toffart A-C, et le comité de rédaction des référentiels Auvergne Rhône-Alpes en oncologie thoracique. Référentiel sur les Soins de Support et Nutrition : actualisation 2019. ARISTOT ; 2019. ISBN 978-2-490858-07-1. Téléchargeable sur <http://espacecancer.sante-ra.fr/Pages/referentiels.aspx> et sur [www.lecancer.fr](http://www.lecancer.fr)

Couraud S, Etienne-Mastroianni B, Fontaine-Delaruelle C, Giaj Levra M, Toffart A-C, on behalf of the editing committee of Auvergne Rhône-Alpes Guidelines in Thoracic Oncology. [Guidelines on Supportive Care and Nutrition in Lung Cancers: 2019 Update]. ARISTOT; 2019 [French]. ISBN 978-2-490858-07-1. Available from <http://espacecancer.sante-ra.fr/Pages/referentiels.aspx> and from [www.lecancer.fr](http://www.lecancer.fr)

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ISBN 978-2-490858-07-1



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